

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1                   1.       A method of detecting a metastatic breast cancer or metastatic lung  
2 cancer-associated transcript in a cell, the method comprising contacting a biological sample  
3 with a polynucleotide that selectively hybridizes to a nucleic acid sequence at least 80%  
4 identical to a sequence selected from those listed in Tables 1-12.
- 1                   2.       The method of claim 1, wherein the metastatic cancer-associated  
2 transcript is a metastatic lung cancer-associated transcript.
- 1                   3.       The method of claim 1, wherein the metastatic cancer-associated  
2 transcript is a metastatic breast cancer-associated transcript.
- 1                   4.       The method of claim 1, wherein the biological sample comprises  
2 isolated nucleic acids.
- 1                   5.       The method of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide or the biological  
2 sample is labeled.
- 1                   6.       The method of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide is immobilized on  
2 a solid surface.
- 1                   7.       An isolated nucleic acid molecule consisting of a polynucleotide  
2 sequence selected from those listed in Tables 1-12.
- 1                   8.       An expression vector comprising the nucleic acid of claim 7.
- 1                   9.       A host cell comprising the expression vector of claim 8.
- 1                   10.      An isolated polypeptide which is encoded by a nucleic acid sequence  
2 selected from those listed in Tables 1-12.
- 1                   11.      An antibody that specifically binds a polypeptide of claim 10.
- 1                   12.      The antibody of claim 11, wherein the antibody is an antibody  
2 fragment.
- 1                   13.      The antibody of claim 11, wherein the antibody is a humanized  
2 antibody

1                   14.     A method of detecting a metastatic breast cancer or metastatic lung  
2 cancer cell in a biological sample, the method comprising contacting the biological sample  
3 with an antibody of claim 11.

1                   15.     The method of claim 14, wherein the antibody is labeled.

1                   16.     A method of detecting antibodies specific to metastatic breast cancer in  
2 a patient, the method comprising contacting a biological sample from the patient with a  
3 polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid comprising a sequence selected from those listed in  
4 Tables 1A-5C, 11A-12C.

1                   17.     A method of detecting antibodies specific to metastatic lung cancer in  
2 a patient, the method comprising contacting a biological sample from the patient with a  
3 polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid comprising a sequence selected from those listed in  
4 Tables 6A-12C.

1                   18.     A method for identifying a compound that modulates a metastatic  
2 breast cancer-associated polypeptide, the method comprising the steps of:  
3                   (i) contacting the compound with a metastatic breast cancer-associated  
4 polypeptide, the polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that selectively hybridizes to a  
5 nucleic acid sequence at least 80% identical to a sequence selected from those listed in Tables  
6 1A-5C, 11A-12C; and  
7                   (ii) determining the functional effect of the compound upon the polypeptide.

1                   19.     The method of claim 18, wherein the functional effect is determined by  
2 measuring ligand binding to the polypeptide.

1                   20.     A method for identifying a compound that modulates a metastatic lung  
2 cancer-associated polypeptide, the method comprising the steps of:  
3                   (i) contacting the compound with a metastatic breast cancer-associated  
4 polypeptide, the polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that selectively hybridizes to a  
5 nucleic acid sequence at least 80% identical to a sequence selected from those listed in Tables  
6 6A-12C; and  
7                   (ii) determining the functional effect of the compound upon the polypeptide.

1                   21.     A method of inhibiting proliferation of a metastatic breast cancer -  
2 associated cell in a patient, the method comprising the step of administering to the subject a  
3 therapeutically effective amount of a compound that modulates a polypeptide encoded by a  
4 nucleic acid sequence selected from those listed in Tables 1A-5C, 11A-12C.

1                   22.     A method of inhibiting proliferation of a metastatic lung cancer -  
2 associated cell in a patient, the method comprising the step of administering to the subject a  
3 therapeutically effective amount of a compound that modulates a polypeptide encoded by a  
4 nucleic acid sequence selected from those listed in Tables 6A-12C.

1                   23.     A drug screening assay comprising the steps of  
2                   (i) administering a test compound to a mammal having metastatic breast  
3 cancer or a cell isolated therefrom;  
4                   (ii) comparing the level of gene expression of a polynucleotide that selectively  
5 hybridizes to a sequence at least 80% identical to a sequence selected from those listed in  
6 Tables 1A-5C, 11A-12C in a treated cell or mammal, with the level of gene expression of the  
7 polynucleotide in a control cell or mammal, wherein a test compound that modulates the level  
8 of expression of the polynucleotide is a candidate for the treatment of metastatic breast  
9 cancer.

1                   24.     A pharmaceutical composition for treating a mammal having  
2 metastatic breast cancer, the composition comprising a compound identified by the assay of  
3 claim 23 and a physiologically acceptable excipient.

1                   25.     A drug screening assay comprising the steps of  
2                   (i) administering a test compound to a mammal having metastatic lung cancer  
3 or a cell isolated therefrom;  
4                   (ii) comparing the level of gene expression of a polynucleotide that selectively  
5 hybridizes to a sequence at least 80% identical to a sequence selected from those listed in  
6 Tables 6A-12C in a treated cell or mammal, with the level of gene expression of the  
7 polynucleotide in a control cell or mammal, wherein a test compound that modulates the level  
8 of expression of the polynucleotide is a candidate for the treatment of metastatic lung cancer.

1                   26.     A pharmaceutical composition for treating a mammal having  
2 metastatic lung cancer, the composition comprising a compound identified by the assay of  
3 claim 25 and a physiologically acceptable excipient.

1                   27.     A method of detecting a metastatic breast cancer-associated  
2 polypeptide in a cell, the method comprising contacting a biological sample from the patient  
3 with a antibody that that specifically binds a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide  
4 sequence selected from those listed in Tables 1A-5C, 11A-12C.

1                   28.     The method of claim 27, wherein the antibody is labeled.

1                   29.     A method of detecting a metastatic lung cancer-associated polypeptide  
2 in a cell from a patient, the method comprising contacting a biological sample from the  
3 patient with a antibody that that specifically binds a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide  
4 sequence selected from those listed in Tables 6A-12C.

1                   30.     The method of claim 29, wherein the antibody is labeled.